

SENIOR DESIGN FOUR PHASES

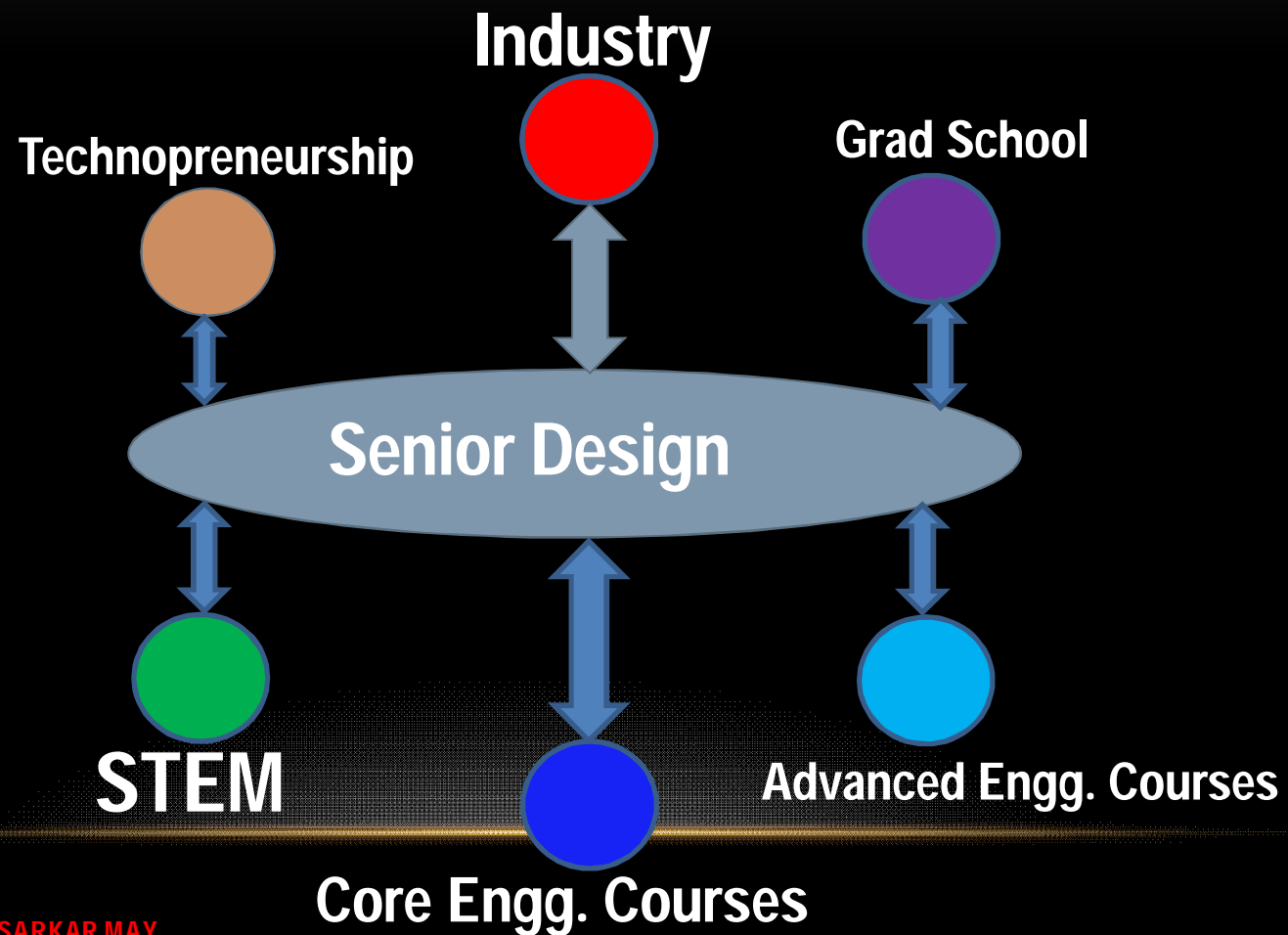
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SENIOR DESIGN: THE BRIDGE BETWEEN THE PROFESSION & EDUCATORS



FOUR PHASES OF DESIGN

- **Problem Formulation**
- **Concept Development**
- **Design Embodiment**
- **Design Validation**

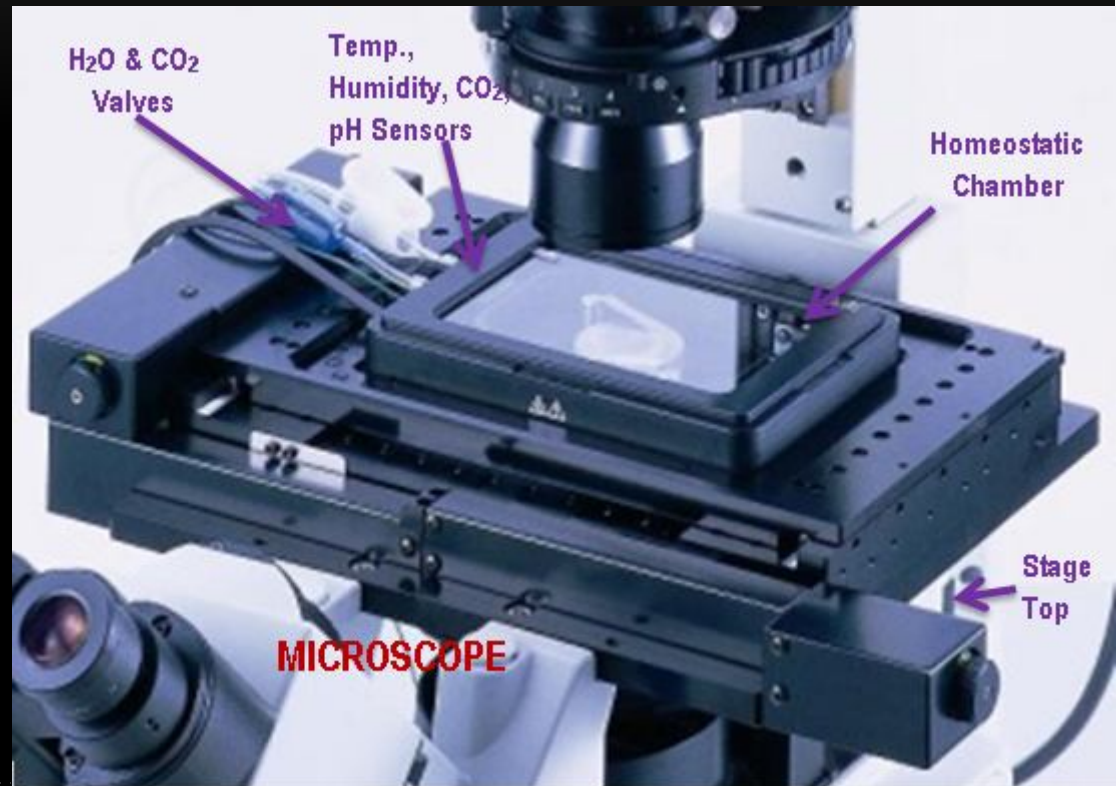
PHASE THREE: DESIGN EMBODIMENT

- **Engineering Analyses**
- **DoX**
- **BoM**
- **Engineering Economics**
- **DFMEA**

HOMEOSTATIC ENVIRONMENT CHAMBER

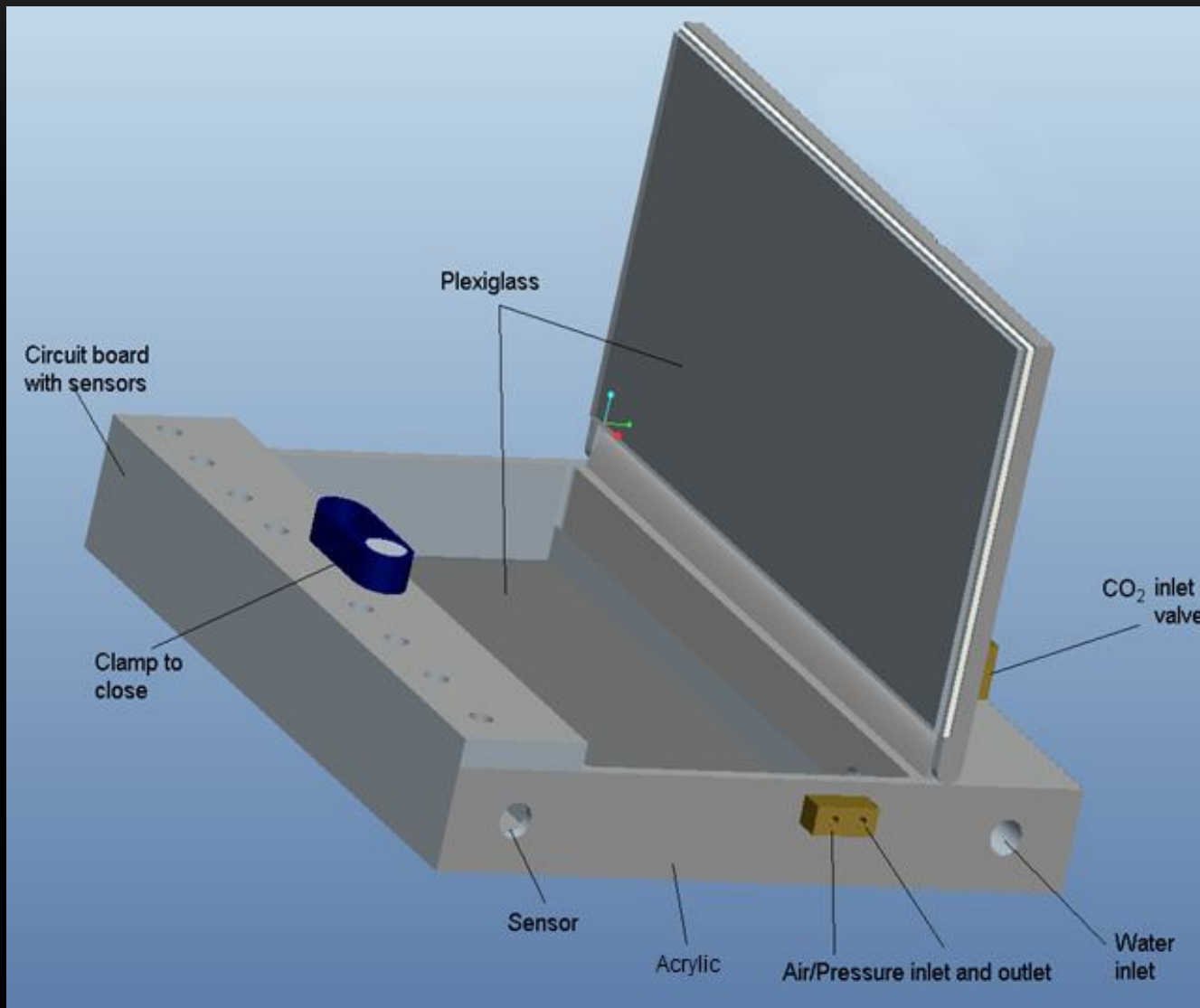
Essential Conditions:

- Formulation of Parameters
 - CO₂: 5% ± 0.1%
 - pH: 7.4% ± 0.04%
 - Temperature: 37°C ± 2°C
 - Humidity: 95% ± 0.01%



Homeostatic Environment Chamber Placed on Stage Top of Microscope

DRAWINGS



208mm x 110mm x 25mm

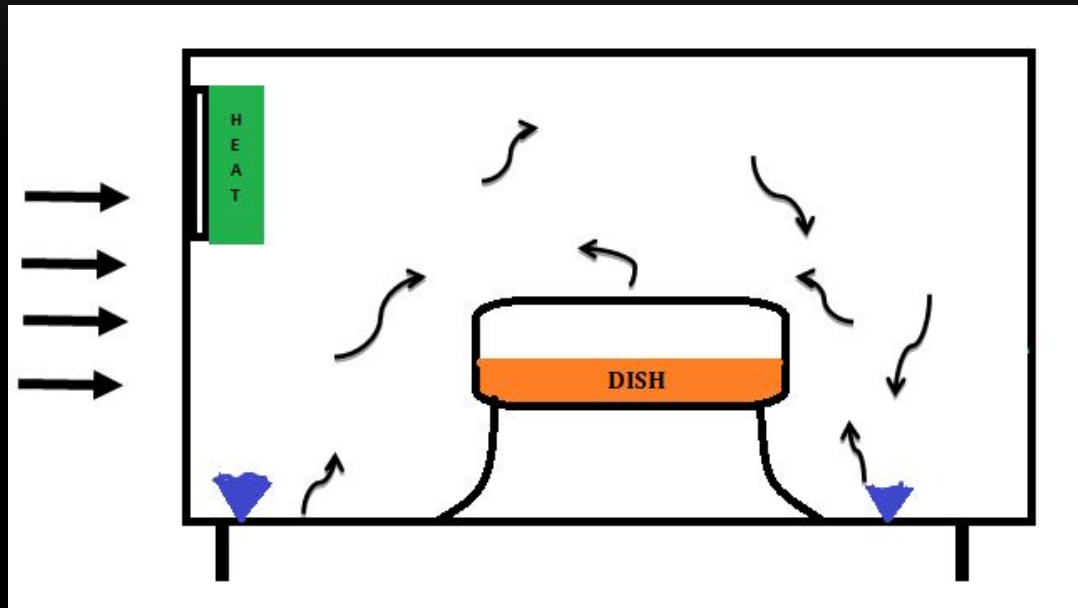
ANALYSIS

Topics	Subcomponent	Parameter
Heat Transfer	Heater	Temperature
Measurement System	Sensors and Controllers	Measurement of Parameters
Thermodynamics	Humidity Sensor	Relative Humidity
Chemistry	Chemically Balance	pH Scale CO ₂ Concentration
Materials Science	Chamber	Acrylic
	Gasket	Urethane Adhesive
Electrical Circuit	Connecting Sensors, Controllers & Heating Element	Circuit

HEAT TRANSFER

Assumptions:

- Steady-State
- One-Dimension
- No Heat Generation
- Neglect Radiation



HEAT TRANSFER CALCULATIONS

Heat Equation: $\frac{d}{dx} \left(k \frac{dT}{dx} \right) = 0$

Boundary Conditions: $T(0) = T_{S,1}$ & $T(L) = T_{S,2}$

Temperature Distribution: $T(x) = (T_{S,2} - T_{S,1}) \left(\frac{x}{L} \right) + T_{S,2}$

Thermal Resistance for Convection: $R_{t,conv} = \frac{(T_S - T_\infty)}{q} = \frac{1}{hA}$

Thermal Resistance for Conduction: $R_{t,cond} = \frac{(T_{S,1} - T_{S,2})}{q_x} = \frac{L}{kA}$

Conduction Heat Transfer Rate: $q_x = -kA \frac{dT}{dx} = \frac{kA}{L} (T_{S,1} - T_{S,2})$

Heat Flux: $q''_x = \frac{q''_x}{A} = \frac{k}{L} (T_{S,1} - T_{S,2})$

$k \left(\frac{W}{mK} \right)$ = Thermal Conductivity

T_s ($^{\circ}C$) = Surface Temp.

T_∞ ($^{\circ}C$) = Ambient Temp.

q (W) = Heat Transfer Rate

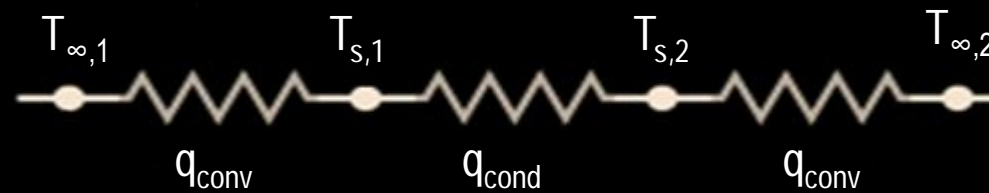
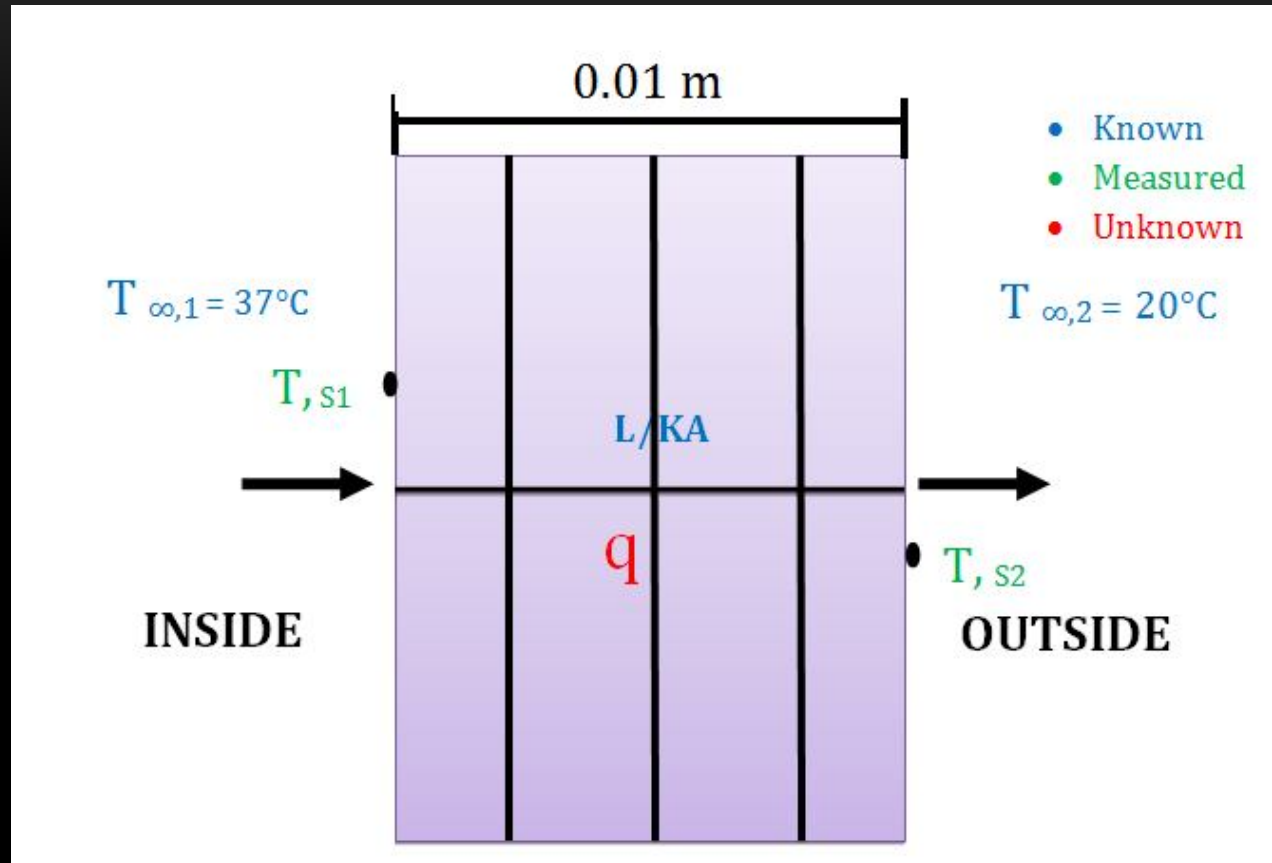
A (m^2) = Area

L (m) = Length of Material

$q'' \left(\frac{W}{m^2} \right)$ = Heat Flux

$h \left(\frac{W}{m^2K} \right)$ = Heat Transfer Coefficient

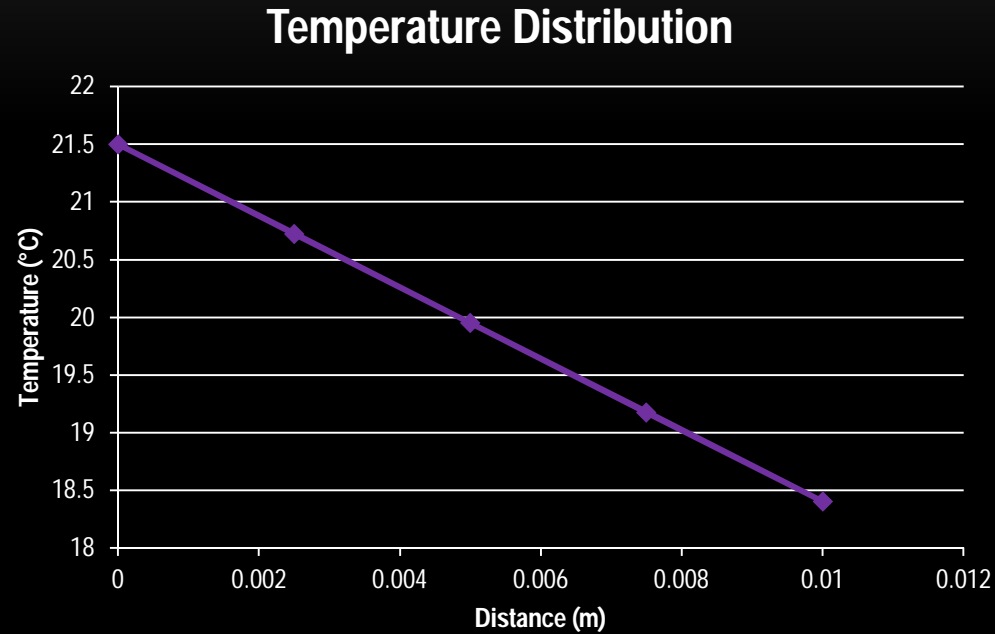
HEAT TRANSFER



Assume:

$$h_1 = 4 \frac{W}{m^2 K}$$

$$h_2 = 10 \frac{W}{m^2 K}$$



Temperature Distribution: $T(x) = (T_{S,2} - T_{S,1})(x/L) + T_{S,1}$

$$T_{S,1} = 21.5^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_{S,2} = 18.4^\circ\text{C}$$

$$L = 0.01 \text{ m}$$